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BEFORE THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS

IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA

In the Matter of

RODNEY D. GLADHART, M.D.

Holder of License No. **4503**For the Practice of Medicine
In the State of Arizona.

INVESTIGATION NO. 12039

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER FOR LETTER OF REPRIMAND

INTRODUCTION

This matter was considered by the Arizona Board of Medical Examiners (Board) at its public meeting on November 18, 1999. Rodney Gladhart, M.D. appeared for the purpose of the Board conducting a formal interview, pursuant to the authority vested in it by A.R.S. § 32-1451(G). The Board resumed consideration of this matter on December 9, 1999. After due consideration of the facts and law applicable to this matter, the Board voted to issue the following findings of fact, conclusions of law and order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Board is the duly constituted authority for the regulation and control of the practice of medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 2. Dr. Gladhart is the holder of License No. 4503 for the practice of medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 3. Investigation No. 12039 was initiated after a complaint was received from S.C. regarding the care her mother-in-law, L.C., received from Dr. Gladhart. Patient L.C. died on June 9, 1998, of colon cancer.
- 4. Patient L.C., a 77-year-old woman, was an established patient of Dr. Gladhart for over 13 years. On November 15, 1996, patient L.C. went to see Dr. Gladhart

with complaints of bright red blood in her stool. Dr. Gladhart gave patient L.C. a three-day stool specimen kit and one of the specimens was positive for hemoccult. Dr. Gladhart ordered a barium enema and reported the findings as diverticulosis without diverticulitis of the left colon.

- 5. Six months later on April 24, 1997, patient L.C. returned to see Dr. Gladhart with complaints of rectal bleeding and soreness of the navel with a lump of about 2 and a half weeks duration. Dr. Gladhart diagnosed patient L.C. with a navel infection and prescribed antibiotics. He advised L.C. to watch for pain in her colon as he thought she might be developing diverticulitis. Dr. Gladhart told patient L.C. to return for a recheck in two weeks.
- 6. Two weeks later, patient L.C. returned to see Dr. Gladhart on May 30, 1997, with continued complaints of rectal bleeding. Dr. Gladhart conducted a rectal examination that was weakly positive and noted that she had and tenderness in the lower left quadrant of her abdomen with rebound. Dr. Gladhart again prescribed antibiotics for patient L.C. and told her to return for a recheck in two weeks.
- 7. On June 18, 1997, patient L.C. returned to see Dr. Gladhart. Dr. Gladhart did not perform another rectal examination as patient L.C. did not want it done. Dr. Gladhart told patient L.C. to return if the bleeding persisted. It was noted that L.C. had a 2-pound weight loss, but had less discomfort.
- 8. On September 10, 1997, patient L.C. returned to see Dr. Gladhart with complaints of heavy rectal bleeding. A stool occult specimen was positive for hemoccult. Dr. Gladhart referred patient L.C. to a general surgeon, Dr. Rodis, who performed a CT scan that was negative except for ascites. In addition, a barium enema was performed and showed either inflammation with some obstruction or possible tumor. Dr. Rodis also ordered a colonoscopy, which diagnosed carcinoma. Patient L.C. then had extensive

surgery performed on November 6, 1997. Patient L.C. died on June 9, 1998.

9. Dr. Gladhart failed to follow-up on persistent rectal bleeding in patient L.C., a 77 year-old woman, with a family history of colon carcinoma. This resulted in a significant delay in the diagnosis of colon cancer.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Board possesses jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof and over Dr. Gladhart.
- 2. The conduct and circumstances described above in paragraphs 4 to 9 constitute unprofessional conduct pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1401(25)(I)(conduct that the board determines is gross malpractice, repeated malpractice or any malpractice resulting in the death of a patient.)
- 3. The conduct and circumstances described above in paragraphs 4 to 9 constitute unprofessional conduct pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1401(25)(q)(any conduct or practice which is or might be harmful or dangerous to the health of the patient or the public.)

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is hereby ordered that Dr. Gladhart be issued a Letter of Reprimand for failing to adequately diagnose patient L.C.'s colon cancer.

RIGHT TO PETITION FOR REVIEW

Dr. Gladhart is hereby notified that he has the right to petition for a rehearing. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.09, as amended, the petition for rehearing must be filed with the Board's Executive Director within thirty (30) days after service of this Order and pursuant to A.A.C. R4-16-102, it must set forth legally sufficient reasons for granting a rehearing. Service of this Order is effective five (5) days after the date of mailing. If a

1	petition for rehearing is not filed, the order becomes effective thirty-five (35) days after	it
2	has been mailed.	
3	Dr. Gladhart is further notified that the filing of a petition for rehearing is required to	0
4	preserve any rights of appeal to the superior court that he may wish to pursue.	
5	DATED this Dit day of Steemher, 1999.	
6	BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS	
7	OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA	
8	[SEAED: CHANGE OF THE STATE OF	
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10	By Claudia Jour	
11	Executive Director	
12	ORIGINAL of the foregoing filed this	
13		
14	The Arizona Board of Medical Examiners 1651 East Morten, Suite 210	
15	Phoenix, AZ 85020	
16	EXECUTED COPY of the foregoing mailed by Certified Mail this 10 day of 0 compose 1999, to:	
17	Rodney Gladhart, M.D.	
18	111 W. Wigwam Blvd., Suite D	
19	Litchfield Park, AZ 85340	
20	COPY of the foregoing hand delivered this	
21	Gordon Bueler, Assistant Attorney General	
22	The Arizona Board of Medical Examiners 1651 East Morten, Suite 210	
23	Phoenix, AZ 85020	
24	Board Operations	
25	Dodia Operations	